

*employment, sixty per centum of the wages, not to exceed one hundred and fifty weeks.*

Unless the board shall otherwise determine, the loss of both hands or both arms or both feet or both legs or both eyes shall constitute total disability, to be compensated according to the provisions of clause (a).

Amputation between the elbow and the wrist shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a hand, and amputation between the knee and ankle shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a foot. Amputation at or above the elbow shall be considered as the loss of an arm, and amputation at or above the knee shall be considered as the loss of a leg. Permanent loss of the use of a hand, arm, foot, leg, or eye shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of such hand, arm, foot, leg, or eye.

This compensation shall not be more than twelve dollars per week nor less than six dollars per week: Provided, That if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of less than six dollars per week, then he shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation.

Proviso.

APPROVED--The 20th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

No. 343.

### AN ACT

Giving additional protection to human beings in this Commonwealth, and imposing penalties upon those who may shoot at or wound or kill a human being in mistake for either game or other wild creatures.

Shooting at human beings by mistake.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That, from and after the passage of this act, it shall be unlawful for any person to either shoot at or wound or kill a human being in mistake for either game or a wild creature of any description, and providing that every person using firearms of any character in shooting at game or at wild creatures shall be held responsible for such acts: Provided, however, That no person shall be held to have violated the provisions of this act who, while actually shooting at any live game or wild creature, shall accidentally shoot in the direction of or injure or kill another person.

Proviso.

Accidental shooting.

Shooting at, but not injuring.

Section 2. Every person who shall shoot at a human being in mistake for game or in mistake for any wild creature, but who shall not injure the human being shot at, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction of such offense, shall be sentenced to pay a penalty, to the general funds of the Common-

Misdemeanor.

Penalty.

wealth of Pennsylvania, of not less than one hundred dollars or more than three hundred dollars, and, in addition to such penalty, shall not be permitted to hunt in this Commonwealth for a period of two years after the date of his conviction, to be noted upon the record of his conviction as part of the sentence.

Section 3. Every person who shall shoot at a human being in mistake for game or in mistake for any wild creature, and, through such shooting, shall wound, but not kill, such human being, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction of such offense, shall be sentenced to pay a penalty to the party so injured of not less than two hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars, and shall, in addition to such cash penalty, be imprisoned in the county jail of the county in which the offense was committed for a period of not less than one year or more than three years, as the evidence in the case may appear to justify. Such person shall also not be permitted to again hunt in this Commonwealth for a period of five years after the date of such conviction, to be noted upon the record of his conviction as part of the sentence.

Shooting at and wounding.

Misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Section 4. Every person who shall shoot at a human being in mistake for game or in mistake for any wild creature, and shall, through such shooting, kill a human being, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction of such offense, shall be sentenced to pay a penalty to the personal representative of the deceased of not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and shall, in addition to such cash penalty imposed, suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county in which the offense is committed for a period of not less than two years or more than five years, as the evidence would appear to justify, and such person, in addition, shall not be permitted to again hunt in this Commonwealth for a period of ten years after the date of such conviction, to be noted upon the record of his conviction as part of the sentence.

Shooting at and killing.

Misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Section 5. Every person convicted of either or any of the before-mentioned offenses, who shall, for any reason, fail to pay the cash penalty imposed by this act for the specified offense committed, shall, in addition to any other term of imprisonment imposed by this act, undergo an imprisonment of one day in jail for each dollar of penalty imposed: Provided, That no term of imprisonment suffered in lieu of any cash penalty imposed by this act shall exceed one year.

Failure to pay penalty.

Proviso.

Section 6. Every person who shall hunt or attempt to hunt in this Commonwealth contrary to any sentence imposed for violation of any provision of this act shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the common jail of the county in which

Hunting contrary to sentence.

Penalty.

the conviction is secured for a period of not less than three months or more than six months.

APPROVED—The 20th day of May, A. D. 1921.

WM. C. SPROUL.

NO. 344.

AN ACT

To amend section six hundred two of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and nine), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended.

School districts.  
Grounds and  
buildings.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section six hundred two of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and nine), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," which, as amended by an act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred and ninety-eight), entitled "An act to amend section six hundred two of the act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and nine), entitled 'An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith,'" reads as follows:—

Section 602, act of May 18, 1911 (P. L. 309), as amended by section 1, act of May 27, 1919 (P. L. 298), cited for amendment.

"Section 602. In order to comply with the provisions of this act, and subject to the conditions thereof, the board of school directors of each district is hereby vested with the necessary power and authority to acquire, in the name of the district, by purchase, lease, gift, devise, agreement, condemnation, or otherwise, any and all such real estate, either vacant or occupied,